

OCTOBER 2019

Good Growth in London

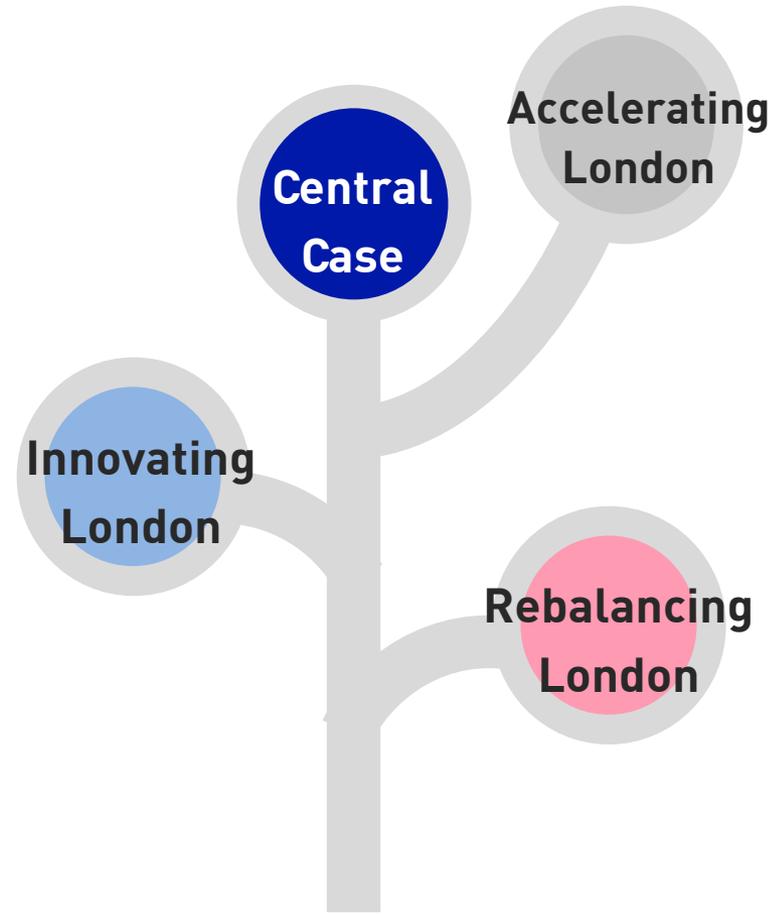
Planning for London's growth in uncertain times

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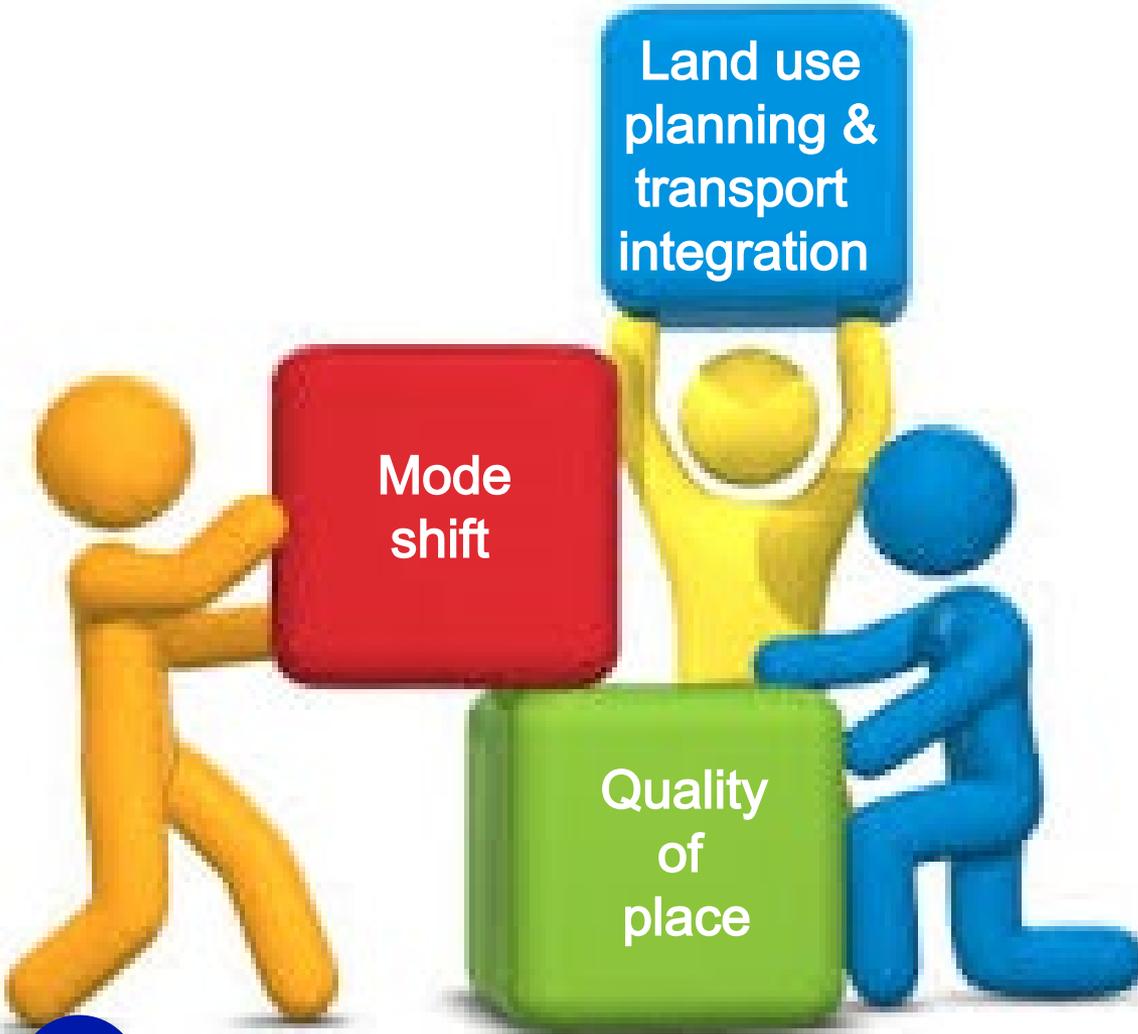


EVERY JOURNEY MATTERS

2 We're all trying to forecast and plan for the future...



3 All the uncertainties means getting the fundamentals right is more important than ever...



known knowns...
known unknowns...
unknown unknowns



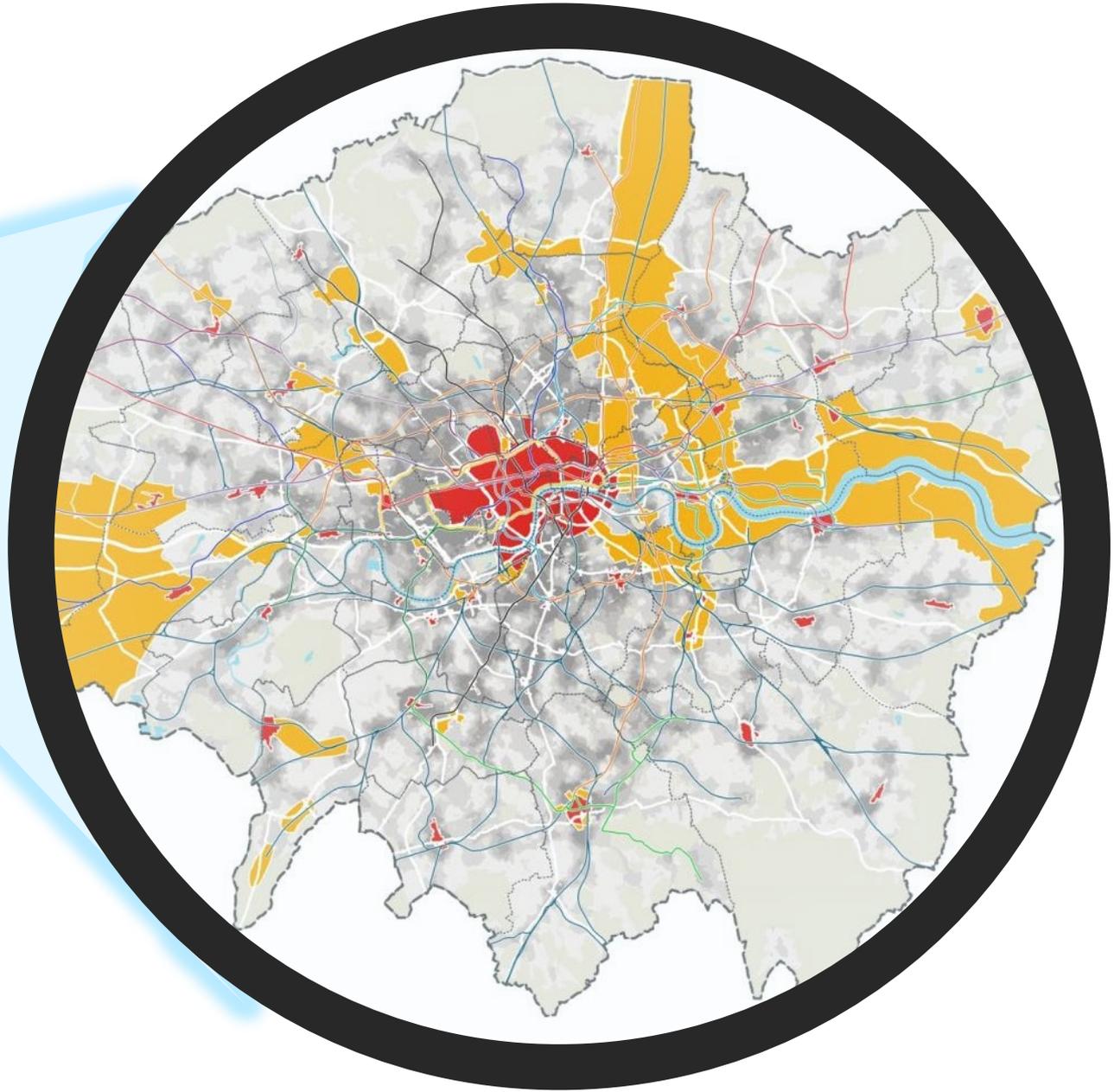
4 **So let's look at how we're planning London's growth
'under the microscope'...**



...integrated planning at each different level

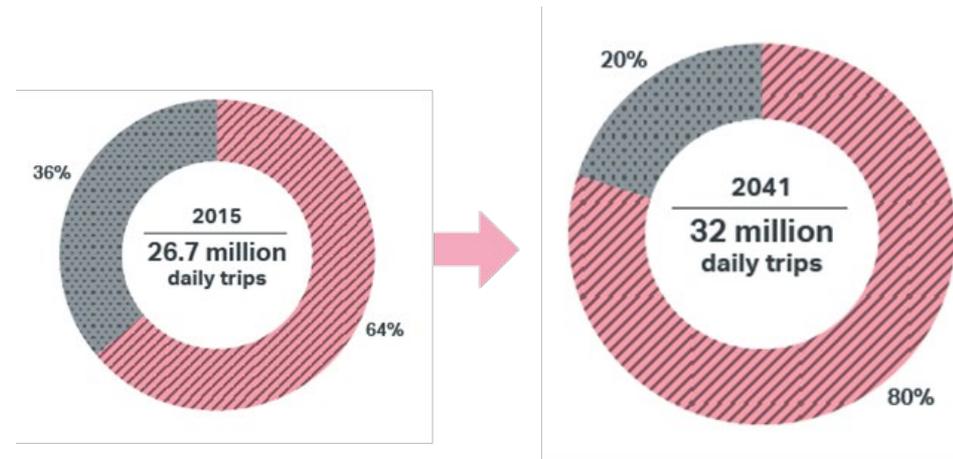


Level 1: Strategic integration



6 We've got a clear integrated vision for London

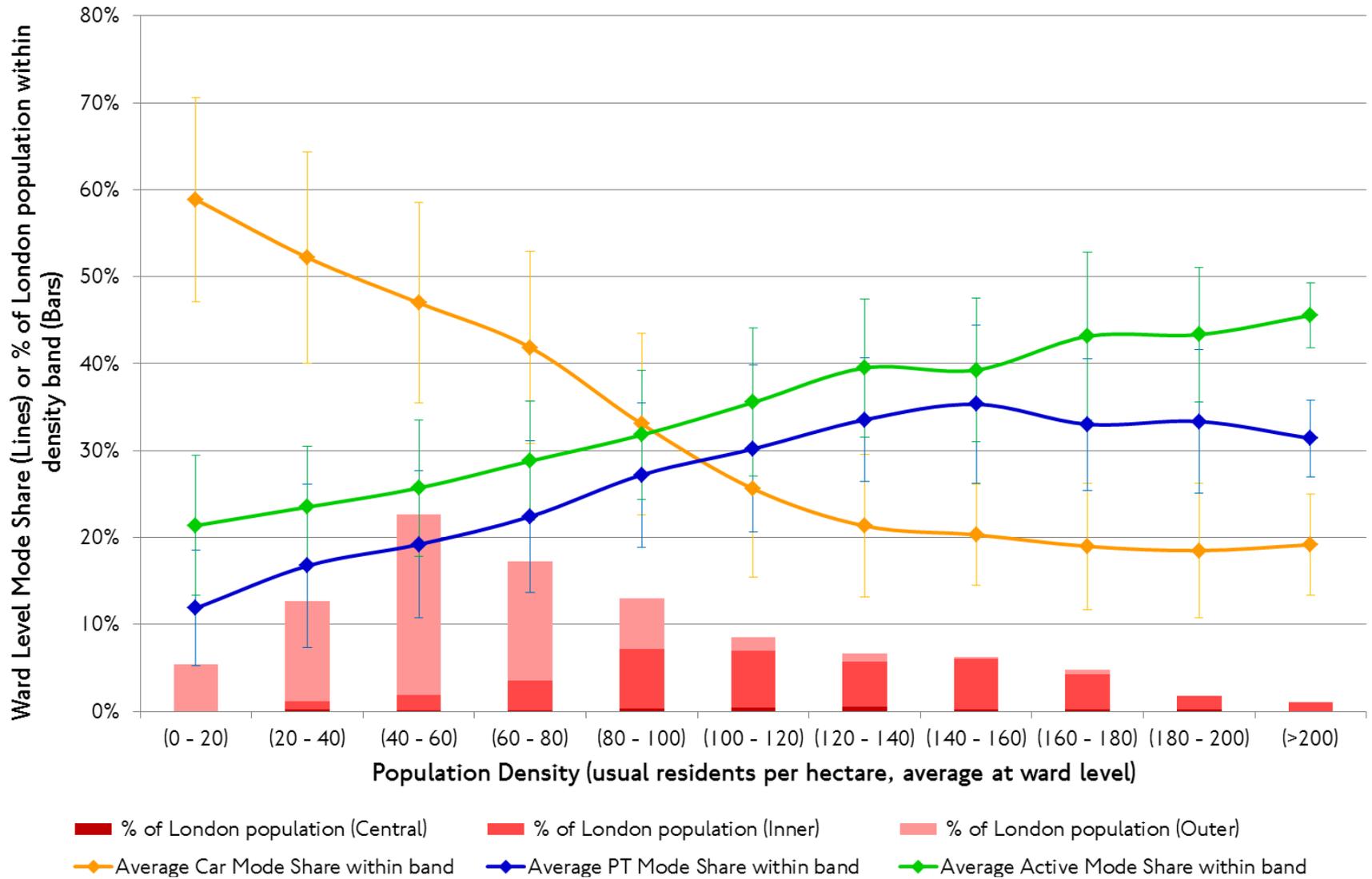
- We have integrated transport and land use strategies
- Clear focus on delivering 'Good Growth'
- The Mayor's Transport Strategy has 3 key themes:
 1. Healthy Streets and healthy people
 2. A good public transport experience
 3. New homes and jobs
- Core element = ambitious mode share target



 Walking, cycling & public transport  Car/taxi/PHV



7 Denser development supports transport outcomes



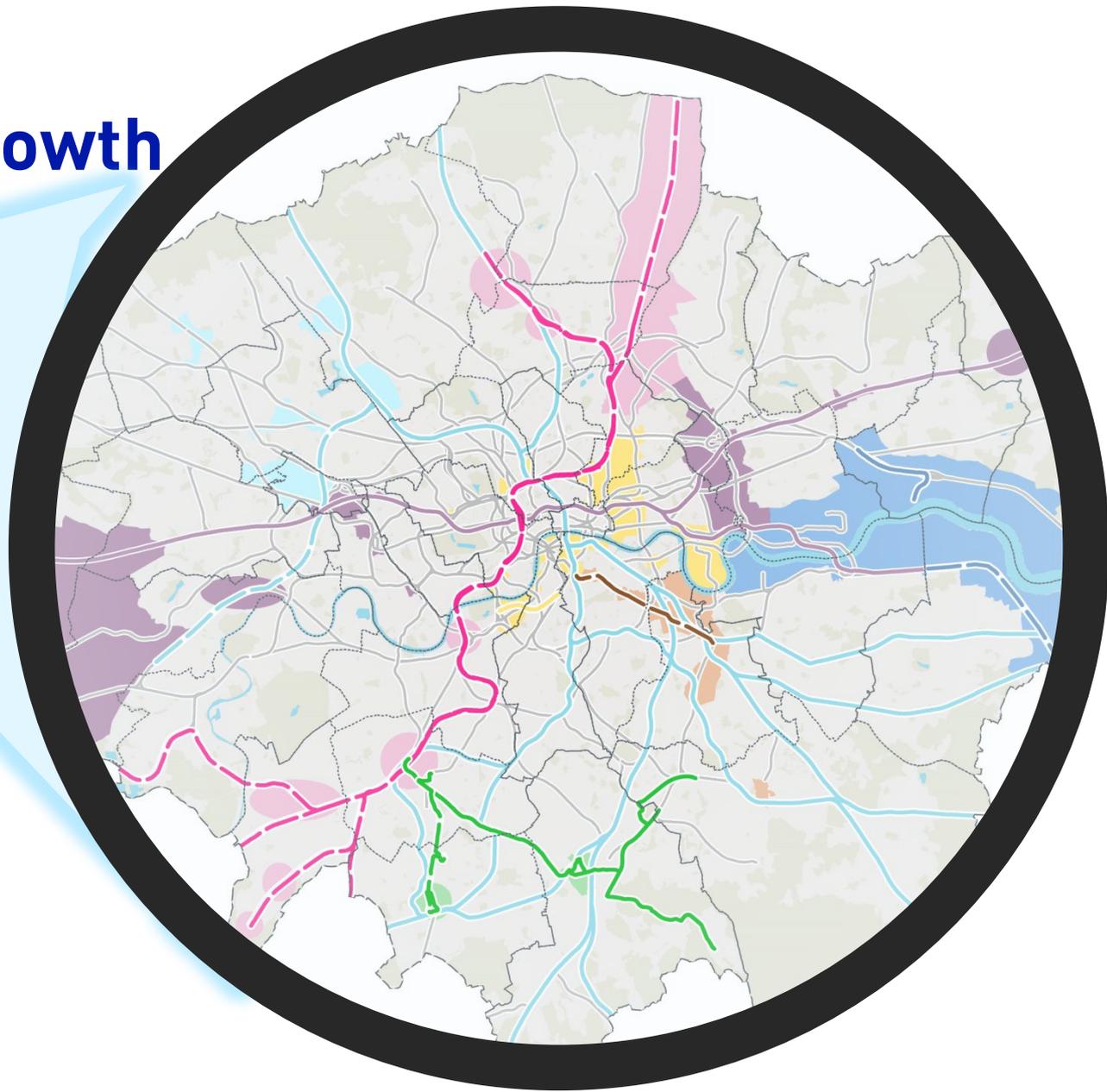
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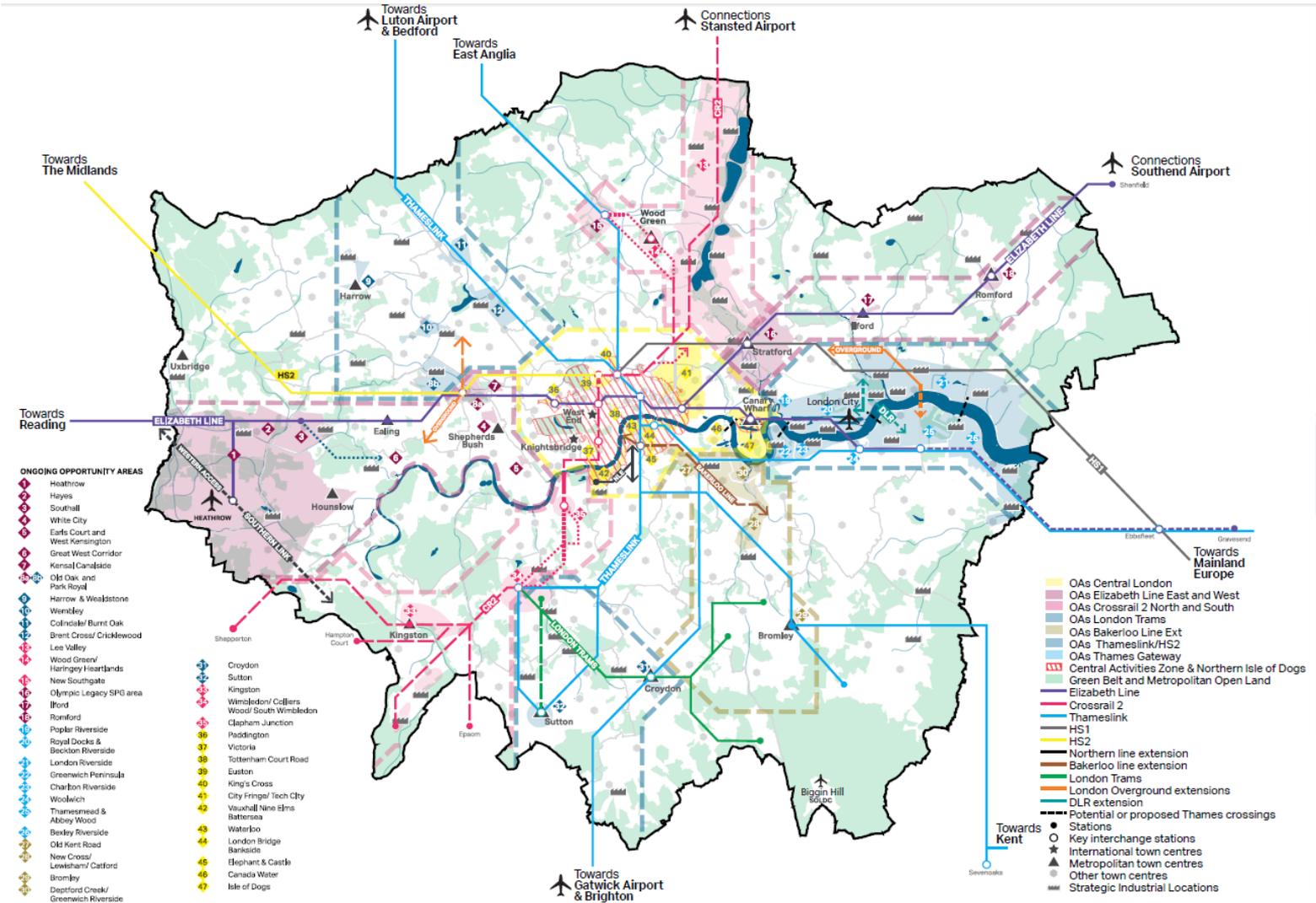
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10 **Level 2.
Transport Growth
Corridors**



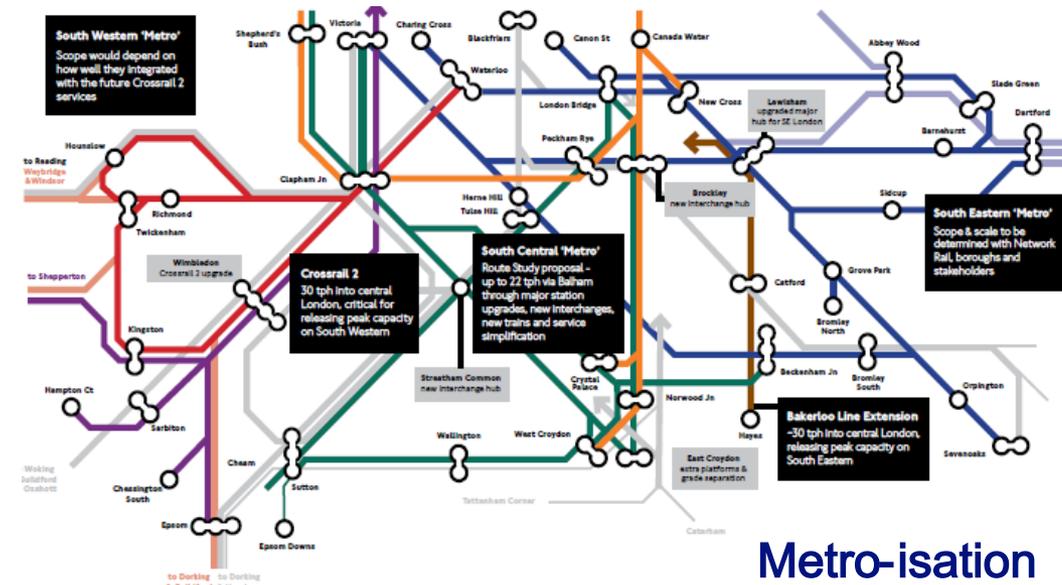
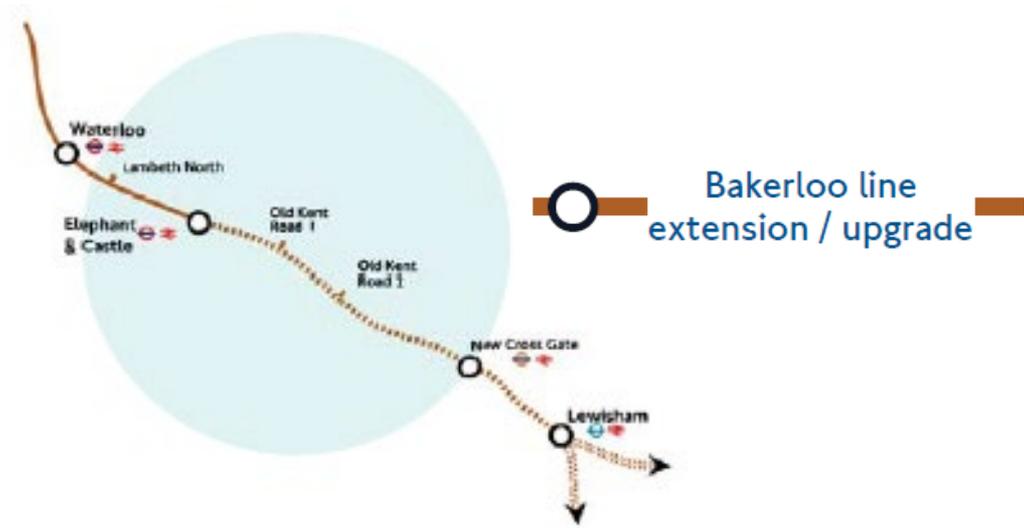
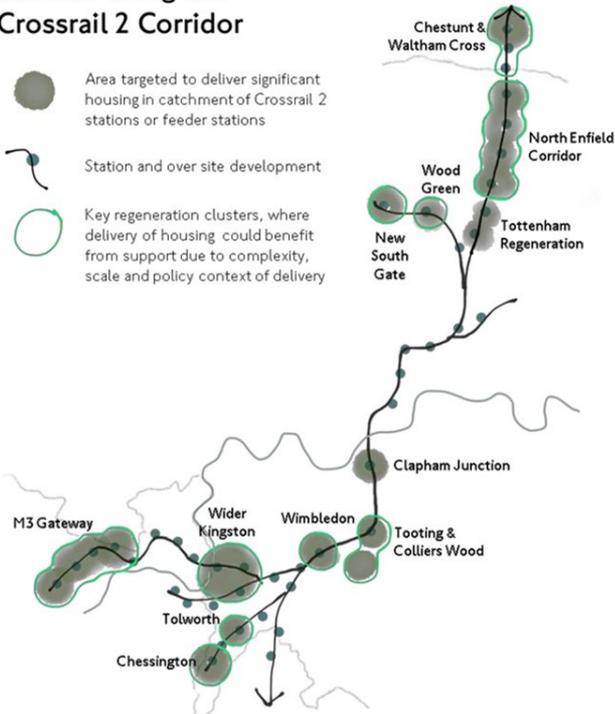
Transport growth corridors provide a key focus



And new transport schemes offer big opportunities

Key Regeneration Clusters along the Crossrail 2 Corridor

- Area targeted to deliver significant housing in catchment of Crossrail 2 stations or feeder stations
- Station and over site development
- Key regeneration clusters, where delivery of housing could benefit from support due to complexity, scale and policy context of delivery



Metro-isation

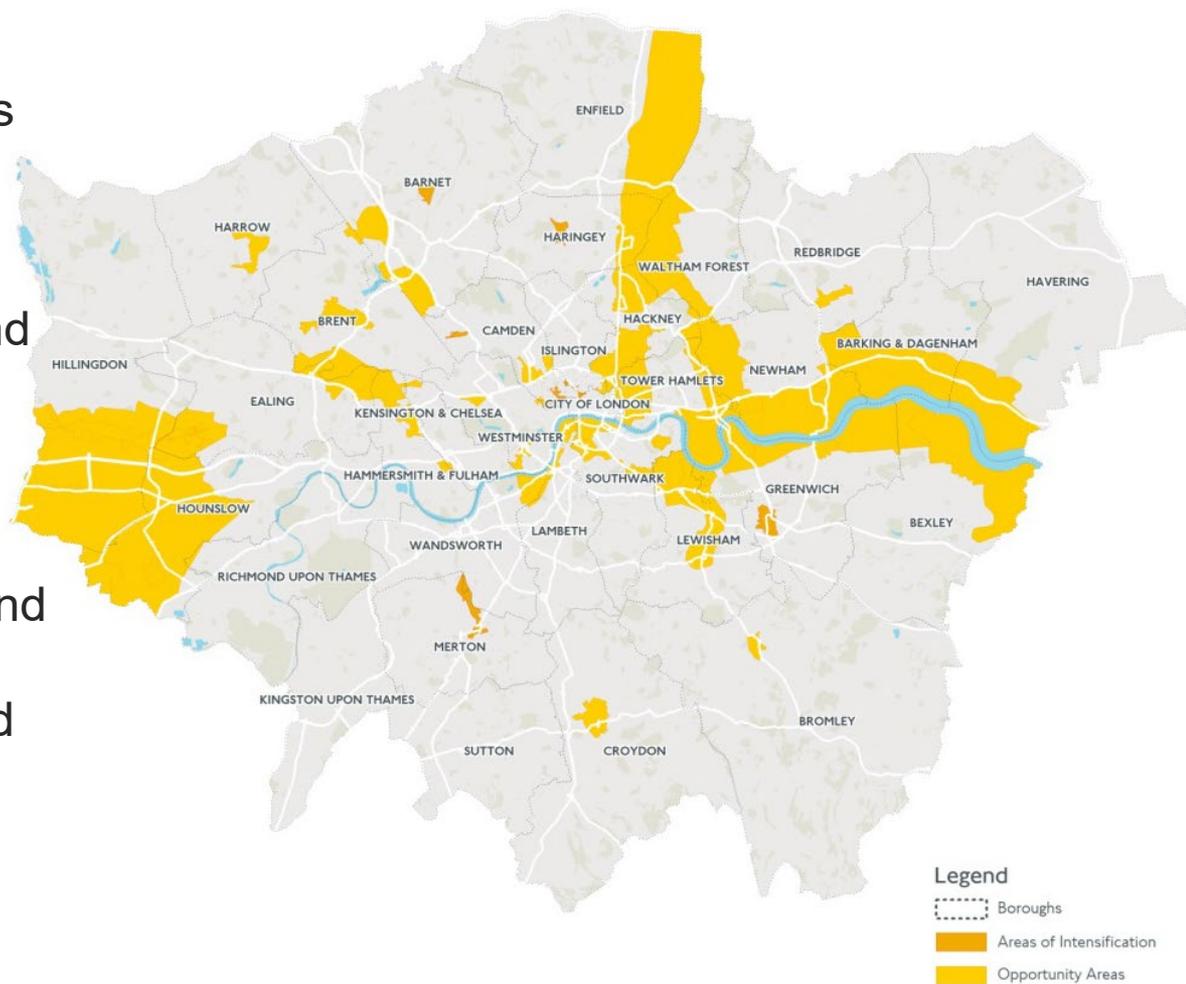


Level 3: Major growth areas



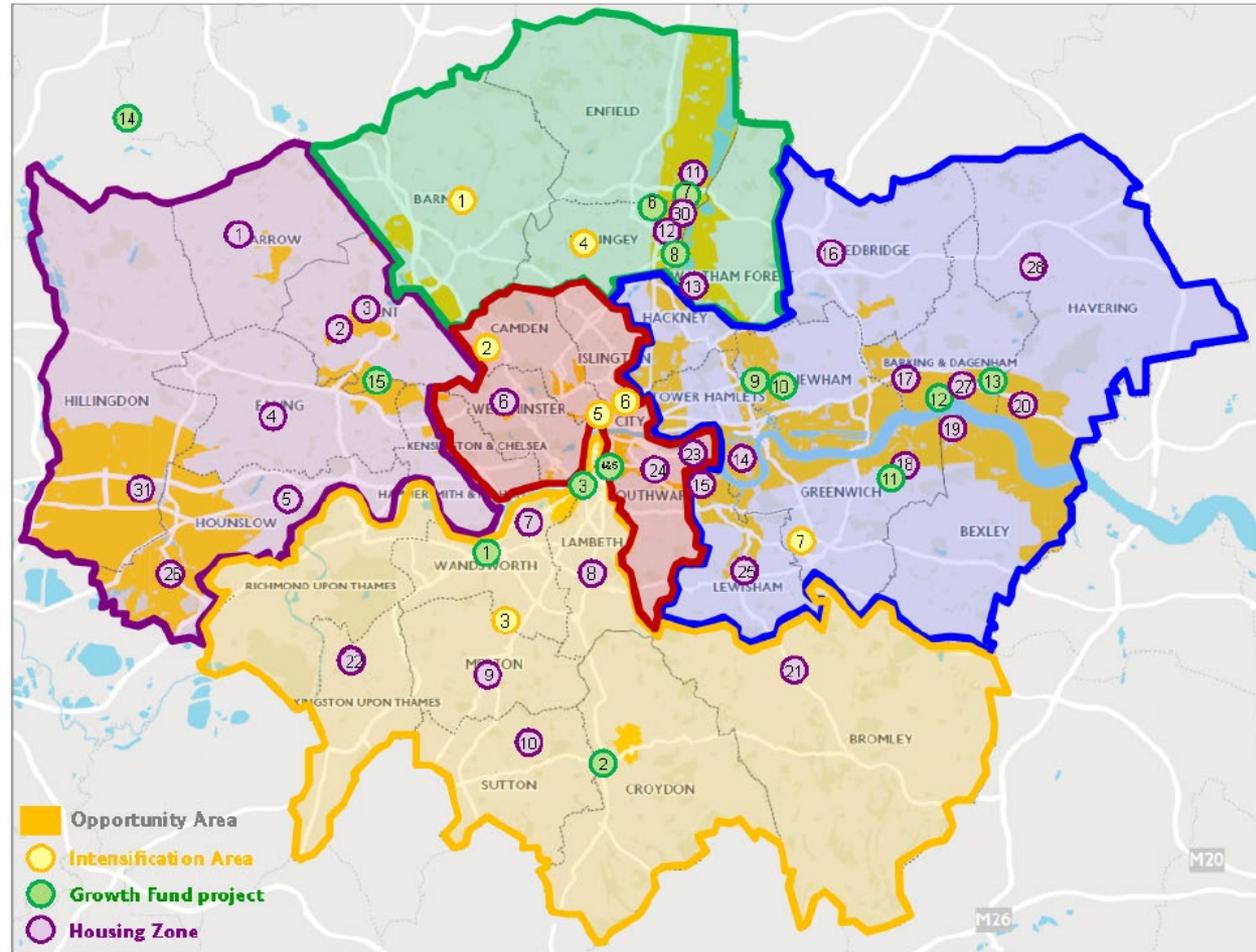
14 We're focusing on key growth areas that have significant potential

- 47 Opportunity Areas across London
- Important in bringing stakeholders together around key issues- evidence base; land use; funding; infrastructure and delivery
- For example: Isle of Dogs and South Poplar; Old Oak Common; Thamesmead and Abbey Wood; Royal Docks; Canada Water; Barking Riverside



15 We're targeting the TfL Growth Fund to unlock particular transport constraints

- The TfL Growth Fund provides targeted support to sites where transport is a barrier to development
- These sites could support in excess of 50,000 housing units
- Leverages significant third party contributions



16 As well as Government's Housing Infrastructure Fund

- Housing Infrastructure Fund (HIF) is a £5.5bn Government capital grant programme
- Aimed at infrastructure which can directly unlock the delivery of new homes across the UK. Schemes in London approved to date include:

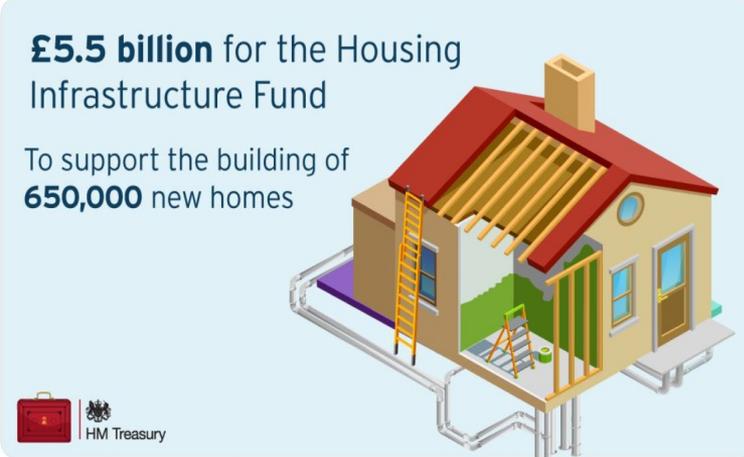
DLR— £291m for 14 extra trains, depot space, new station at Thameside West, development at Poplar, to support 18,000 new homes

East London Line £81m for increased frequency, an upgrade to Surrey Quays station and a new station at Surrey Canal Road to support 14,000 new housing units.

Meridian Water £156m, including upgrade frequency on the national rail network in the Lea Valley and support 10,000 units planned for this key site in Enfield.

 **HM Treasury** 
@hmtreasury Follow

"A further £500m for the Housing Infrastructure Fund, to unlock 650,000 homes." 🏗️ 🏠 #Budget2018



£5.5 billion for the Housing Infrastructure Fund
To support the building of **650,000** new homes

9:21 am - 29 Oct 2018

292 Retweets 219 Likes



 27  292  219



Level 4. Local level



18 We're seeking to support Good Growth in outer London through integrated improvements including rail, bus and active travel improvements

- Many trips currently made by car could be made by sustainable modes instead.
- Need to make the most of the existing national rail network
- Opportunities to extend public transport: orbital rail; tram; BRT, increased bus services
- New opportunities eg DRT; car sharing
- Healthy Streets approach to transform environment for walking and cycling.

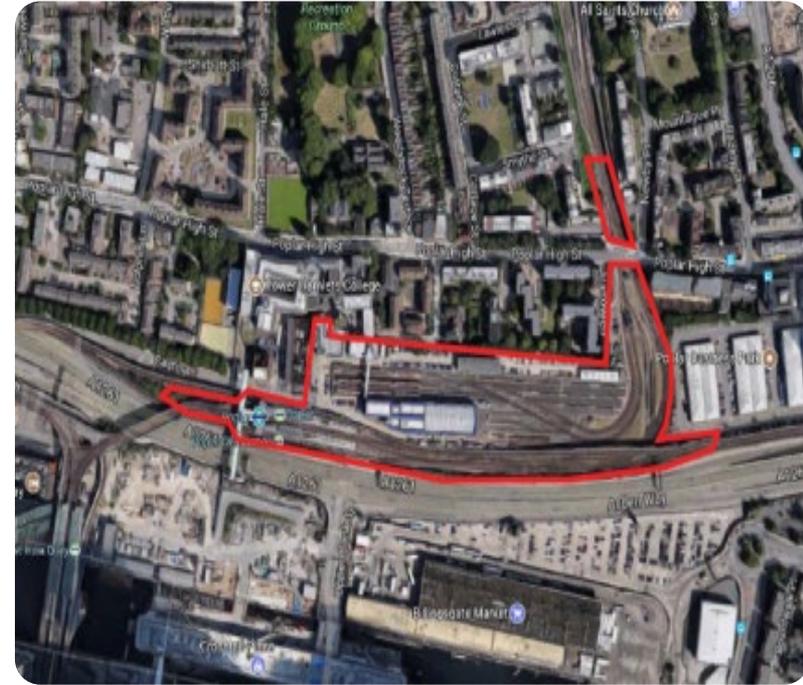


Level 5: Individual sites



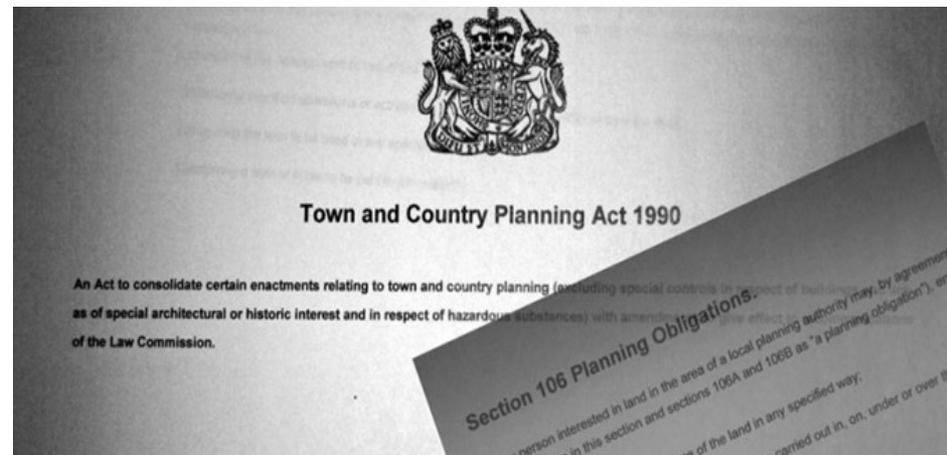
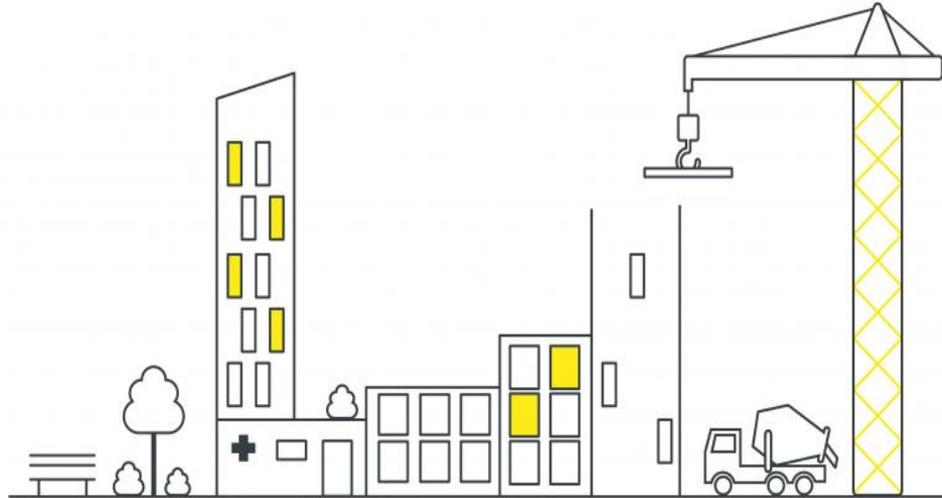
20 We seek to shape individual developments...

- TfL – defined role in planning system to manage impacts on transport.
- We work as early as possible with developers and boroughs to embed:
 - Good design to promote active travel*
 - Sustainable policies eg minimal car parking; increased cycle parking;*
 - Plans to manage impacts eg Delivery & Servicing; Construction Management*
- Our urban designers work closely with the GLA to ensure high-quality of streets, public realm, and pedestrian areas



We negotiate with developers to mitigate impacts

- We also negotiate with developers to secure Section 106 'planning obligations' – to mitigate impacts.
- Contributions include eg additional bus capacity; station improvements; junction enhancements; cycle hire docking stations etc.
- We also secure Section 278 (highway works) – designed in line with key objectives eg healthy streets; safety.
- We also collect and administer the Mayoral Community Infrastructure Levy on behalf of the Mayor, to fund major transport infrastructure.



To achieve good growth, we need to change travel behaviour...

Principles of Good Growth include:

- High density, mixed use developments
- Good access to public transport
- People choose to walk and cycle
- Car-free and car-lite places
- Inclusive, accessible design
- Carbon-free travel
- Efficient freight



23 And we're delivering housing on our own sites

1

We will deliver **10,000** homes



2

Deliver **50%** affordable housing across our portfolio



3

Generate vital revenue to reinvest in the transport



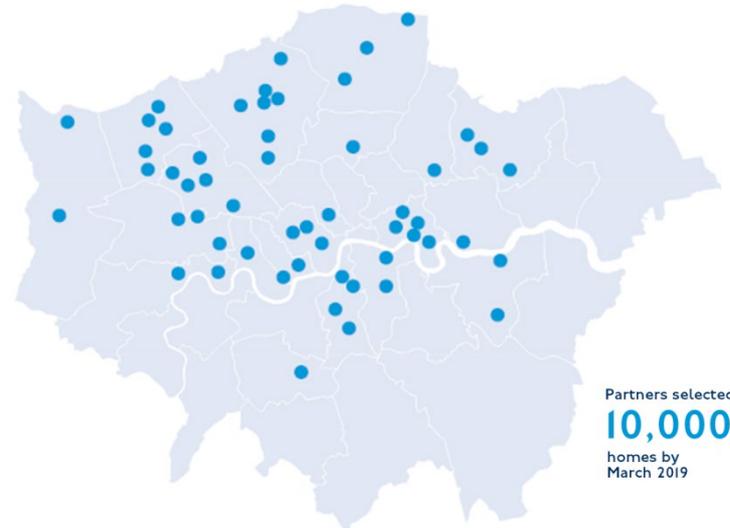
4

Provide transport infrastructure improvements



5

Create Healthy Streets and neighbourhoods



Partners selected for **10,000** homes by March 2019

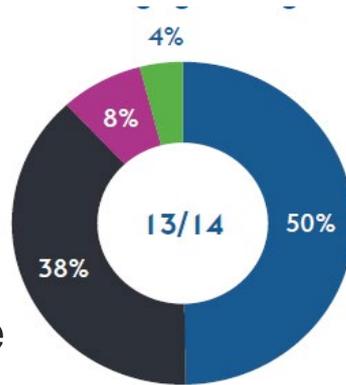
24 But funding is a key source of uncertainty / challenge

- There are some funding challenges currently
- We're making significant efficiencies / savings
- Our funding mix is changing
- But current sources are insufficient to deliver all the schemes identified, so we need to look beyond these...

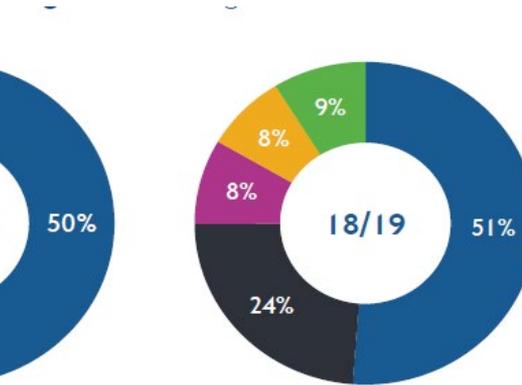
1. Loss of central Government grant

2. Economic / wider context

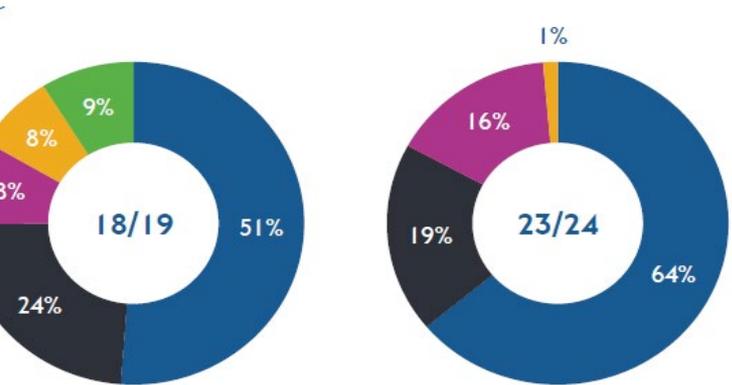
3. Crossrail



Fares
Fares will grow from half to two thirds of income – making us more exposed to changes in the economy



Grants
Loss of General Grant already impacted. Remaining grant does not grow at rate required



Other income
Charging and commercial income doubles in importance to us over the plan (see section 6)

Property/assets
One off benefit in 18/19 from Elizabeth line fleet sale/leaseback will not be repeated

Borrowing
23/24 is first year TfL is not planning to borrow.



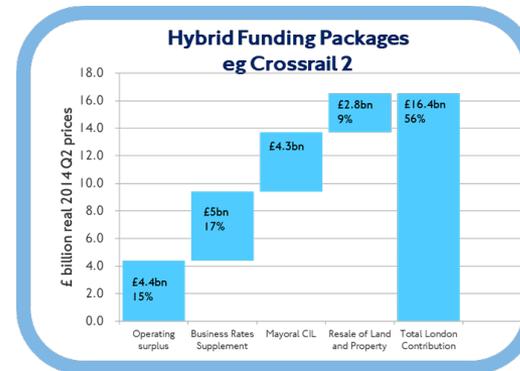
We're seeking to optimise revenue streams and capture new funding opportunities

- Continue to make the case to Government for funding
- Maximise benefits of our own assets eg OSD; new focus on Build to Rent; transforming our advertising estate; improving retail presence
- Work with partners to explore range of existing & new mechanisms eg BCIL; Enterprise Zones; WPL
- Seek to better capture value uplift generated by transport investment

Continue to make the case to Government eg Piccadilly Line upgrade

Piccadilly line re-signalling

Over-station Development eg Tottenham Court Road



Enterprise Zones eg Royal Docks

How we pay for road use

1) What is a Workplace Parking Levy (WPL)?

A Workplace Parking Levy (WPL) is a tax on employers that provides a revenue stream for transport. The levy is levied on employers who have a large number of employees and who provide a large number of parking spaces. The levy is levied on employers who have a large number of employees and who provide a large number of parking spaces. The levy is levied on employers who have a large number of employees and who provide a large number of parking spaces.

Land value capture opportunities

No planning: Cities grow in unplanned way with informal settlements and piecemeal provision of infrastructure.

No uplift: City growth is planned and controlled but the property market does not respond to new transport.

Uplift but no capture: City growth is planned and property prices increase due to new transport, but all the value growth accrues to the landowner.

Uplift captured - different beneficiary: Value growth is catalysed by new transport and some can be captured, but it's captured by others or used for non-transport purposes.

Uplift capture for transport: Value growth is catalysed by new transport and some is captured and used to help fund new transport.

26 **Despite uncertainties, integrated planning at every level should help deliver 'good growth'**

- Integrated strategies and clear vision
- Good Growth / optimised densities around existing and new public transport links
- Unlocking the potential of our Opportunity Areas
- Ensuring local connections and good places
- Delivering new London Plan policies in practice (including parking standards and Healthy Streets) –
- Promoting mode shift to support more sustainable growth and achieve key outcomes for our city



THANK YOU

Lucinda Turner
Director of Spatial Planning,
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